Session of 2023

## HOUSE BILL No. 2353

By Committee on Judiciary

2-8

AN ACT concerning the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons;
 increasing the time allowed for an initial continued treatment order;
 adding criteria to determine when outpatient treatment may be ordered;
 amending K.S.A. 59-2958, 59-2959 and 59-2969 and K.S.A.-2022 2023 Supp. 59-2967 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

8 Section 1. K.S.A. 59-2958 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-9 2958. (a) At the time the petition for the determination of whether a person 10 is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and 11 treatment under this act is filed, or any time thereafter prior to the trial 12 upon the petition as provided for in K.S.A. 59-2965, and amendments 13 thereto, the petitioner may request in writing that the district court issue an 14 ex parte emergency order including either or both of the following:

15 (1) An order directing any law enforcement officer to take the person 16 named in the order into custody and transport the person to a designated 17 treatment facility or other suitable place willing to receive and detain the 18 person; *or* 

(2) an order authorizing any named treatment facility or other place to
 detain or continue to detain the person until the further order of the court
 or until the ex parte emergency custody order shall expire.

(b) No ex parte emergency custody order shall provide for the detention of any person at a state psychiatric hospital unless a written statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing such admission and detention at a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court.

(c) No ex parte emergency custody order shall provide for the
 detention of any person in a nonmedical facility used for the detention of
 persons charged with or convicted of a crime.

(d) If no other suitable facility-at which where such person may be
detained is willing to accept the person, then the participating mental
health center for that area shall provide a suitable place to detain the
person until the further order of the court or until the ex parte emergency
custody order shall expire.

(e) An ex parte emergency custody order issued under this section
 shall expire at 5:00 p.m. of the-second *third* day the district court is open

for the transaction of business after the date of its issuance, which and the
 expiration date shall be stated in the order.

3 (f) The district court shall not issue successive ex parte emergency 4 custody orders.

5 (g) In lieu of issuing an ex parte emergency custody order, the court 6 may allow the person with respect to whom the request was made to 7 remain at liberty, subject to such conditions as the court may impose.

8 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 59-2959 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-9 2959. (a) At the time that the petition for determination of mental illness is 10 filed, or any time thereafter prior to the trial upon the petition as provided 11 for in K.S.A. 59-2965, and amendments thereto, the petitioner may request 12 in writing that the district court issue a temporary custody order. The 13 request shall state:

14 (1) The reasons why the person should be detained prior to the 15 hearing on the petition;

16 (2) whether an ex parte emergency custody order has been requested 17 or was granted; and

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(3) the present whereabouts of the person named in the petition.

19 (b) Upon the filing of a request for a temporary custody order, the court shall set the matter for a hearing which that shall be held not later 20 21 than the close of business of the second third day the district court is open 22 for the transaction of business after the filing of the request. The petitioner 23 and the person with respect to whom the request has been filed shall be 24 notified of the time and place of the hearing and that they shall each be 25 afforded an opportunity to appear at the hearing, to testify and to present and cross-examine witnesses. If the person with respect to whom the 26 27 request has been filed has not yet retained or been appointed an attorney, 28 the court shall appoint an attorney for the person.

29 (c) (1) At the hearing scheduled upon the request, the person with 30 respect to whom the request has been filed shall be present unless the 31 attorney for the person requests that the person's presence be waived and 32 the court finds that the person's presence at the hearing would be injurious 33 to the person's welfare. The court shall enter in the record of the 34 proceedings the facts upon which the court has found that the presence of 35 the person at the hearing would be injurious to such person's welfare. 36 However, if the person with respect to whom the request has been filed 37 states in writing to the court or to such person's attorney that such person 38 wishes to be present at the hearing, the person's presence cannot be 39 waived

(2) The hearing shall be conducted in as informal a manner as may be
consistent with orderly procedure and in a physical setting not likely to
have a harmful effect on the person with respect to whom the request has
been filed. All persons not necessary for the conduct of the proceedings

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may be excluded. The court shall receive all relevant and material 1 2 evidence which that may be offered. The rules governing evidentiary and 3 procedural matters shall be applied to hearings under this section in a 4 manner so as to facilitate informal, efficient presentation of all relevant, 5 probative evidence and resolution of issues with due regard to the interests 6 of all parties. The facts or data upon which a duly qualified expert bases an 7 opinion or inference may be those perceived by or made known to the 8 expert at or before the hearing and if of a type reasonably relied upon by 9 experts in their particular field in forming opinions or inferences upon the 10 subject, the facts or data need not be admissible in evidence. The expert may testify in terms of opinion or inference and give the expert's reasons 11 12 therefor without prior disclosure of the underlying facts or data unless the 13 court requires otherwise. If requested on cross-examination, the expert shall disclose the underlying facts or data. 14

(3) If the petitioner is not represented by counsel, the county or 15 16 district attorney shall represent the petitioner, prepare all necessary papers, 17 appear at the hearing and present such evidence as the county or district 18 attorney determines to be of aid to the court in determining whether or not 19 there is probable cause to believe that the person with respect to whom the 20 request has been filed is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary 21 commitment for care and treatment under this act, and that it would be in 22 the best interests of the person to be detained until the trial upon the 23 petition.

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(d) After the hearing, if the court determines from the evidence that:

(1) There is probable cause to believe that the person with respect to whom the request has been filed is a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment under this act, and that it is in the best interests of the person to be detained until the trial upon the petition, the court shall issue a temporary custody order;

30 (2) there is probable cause to believe that the person with respect to 31 whom the request has been filed is a mentally ill person subject to 32 involuntary commitment for care and treatment under this act, but that it 33 would not be in their best interests to be detained until the trial upon the 34 petition, the court may allow the person to be at liberty, subject to such 35 conditions as the court may impose; *or* 

(3) there is not probable cause to believe that the person with respect
to whom the request has been filed is a mentally ill person subject to
involuntary commitment for care and treatment under this act, the court
shall terminate the proceedings and release the person.

40 (e) (1) A temporary custody order issued pursuant to this section may
41 direct any law enforcement officer or any other person designated by the
42 court to take the person named in the order into custody and transport them
43 to a designated treatment facility, and authorize the designated treatment

1 facility to detain and treat the person until the trial upon the petition.

2 (2) No temporary custody order shall provide for the detention and 3 treatment of any person at a state psychiatric hospital unless a written 4 statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing such 5 admission and detention at a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with 6 the court.

7 (3) No temporary custody order shall provide for the detention of any 8 person in a nonmedical facility used for the detention of persons charged 9 with or convicted of a crime.

10 (4) If no other suitable facility-at which where such person may be 11 detained is willing to accept the person, then the participating mental 12 health center for that area shall provide a suitable place to detain the 13 person until the further order of the court or until the trial upon the 14 petition.

Sec. 3. K.S.A.-2022 2023 Supp. 59-2967 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-2967. (a) An order for outpatient treatment may be entered by the court at any time in lieu of any type of order-which *that* would have required inpatient care and treatment if the court finds that the patient-is:

(1) (A) Likely to comply with an outpatient treatment order; and that
 the patient will

(B) not likely to be a danger to the community or be likely to cause
 harm to self or others while subject to an outpatient treatment order; or

23 (2) in need of outpatient treatment to prevent a relapse or –
 24 deterioration that would likely result in:

25 (A) Serious bodily harm to self or others;

26 (B) a substantial harm to the patient's well-being;

27 (C) substantial damage to another person's property; or

28 (D) serious physical or mental debilitation in the patient Will meet 29 the criteria for required inpatient care and treatment in the proximate 30 future without such outpatient treatment and is only likely to attend 31 outpatient treatment if there is a court order mandating such 32 treatment; or

(2) is, if left untreated, reasonably expected to experience an
increase in the symptoms caused by the illness that would result in the
need for inpatient care and treatment in the proximate future and
whose mental illness has previously caused the patient to refuse
needed and appropriate mental health services in the community.

(b) No order for outpatient treatment shall be entered unless the head
of the outpatient treatment facility has consented to treat the patient on an
outpatient basis under the terms and conditions set forth by the court,
except that no order for outpatient treatment shall be refused by a
participating mental health center.

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(c) If outpatient treatment is ordered, the order may state specific

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1 conditions to be followed by the patient, but shall include the general 2 condition that the patient is required to comply with all directives and 3 treatment as required by the head of the outpatient treatment facility or the 4 head's designee. Such directives and treatment plans shall be provided to 5 the court in writing within 10 business days after the order for outpatient 6 treatment is issued. Failure to provide such directives and treatment plans 7 to the court as required by this subsection is not grounds for dismissal of 8 the order unless the failure is made in bad faith. The court may also make 9 such orders as are appropriate to provide for monitoring the patient's 10 progress and compliance with outpatient treatment. Within any outpatient order for treatment the court shall specify the period of treatment as 11 12 provided for in-subsection (a) of K.S.A. 59-2966(a) or-subsection (f) of 13 K.S.A. 59-2969(f), and amendments thereto.

14 (d) The court shall retain jurisdiction to modify or revoke the order 15 for outpatient treatment at any time on its own motion, on the motion of 16 any counsel of record or upon notice from the treatment facility of any 17 need for new conditions in the order for outpatient treatment or of material 18 noncompliance by the patient with the order for outpatient treatment. 19 However, if the venue of the matter has been transferred to another court, 20 then the court having venue of the matter shall have such jurisdiction to 21 modify or revoke the outpatient treatment order. Revocation or 22 modification of an order for outpatient treatment may be made ex parte by 23 order of the court in accordance with the provisions of subsections (e) or 24 (f).

25 (e) The treatment facility shall immediately report to the court any 26 material noncompliance by the patient with the outpatient treatment order. 27 Such notice may be verbal or by telephone but shall be followed by a 28 verified written, facsimile or electronic notice sent to the court, to counsel for all parties and, as appropriate, to the head of the inpatient treatment 29 30 facility designated to receive the patient, by not later than 5:00 p.m. of the 31 first day the district court is open for the transaction of business after the 32 verbal or telephonic communication was made to the court. Upon receipt 33 of verbal, telephone, or verified written, facsimile or electronic notice of 34 material noncompliance, the court may enter an ex parte emergency 35 custody order providing for the immediate detention of the patient in a 36 designated inpatient treatment facility except that the court shall not order 37 the detention of the patient at a state psychiatric hospital, unless a written 38 statement from a qualified mental health professional authorizing such 39 detention at a state psychiatric hospital has been filed with the court. Any 40 ex parte emergency custody order issued by the court under this subsection 41 shall expire at 5:00 p.m. of the second third day the district court is open 42 for the transaction of business after the patient is taken into custody. The 43 court shall not enter successive ex parte emergency custody orders.

1 (f) (1) Upon the taking of a patient into custody pursuant to an ex 2 parte emergency custody order revoking a previously issued order for 3 outpatient treatment revoking a previously issued order for outpatient 4 treatment and ordering the patient to involuntary inpatient care the court shall set the matter for hearing not later than the close of business on the 5 6 second third day the court is open for business after the patient is taken 7 into custody. Notice of the hearing shall be given to the patient, the 8 patient's attorney, the patient's legal guardian, the petitioner or the county 9 or district attorney as appropriate, the head of the outpatient treatment 10 facility and the head of the inpatient treatment facility, similarly as provided for in K.S.A. 59-2963, and amendments thereto. 11

12 (2) Upon the entry of an ex parte order modifying a previously issued 13 order for outpatient treatment, but allowing the patient to remain at liberty, a copy of the order shall be served upon the patient, the patient's attorney, 14 the county or district attorney and the head of the outpatient treatment 15 16 facility similarly as provided for in K.S.A. 59-2963, and amendments 17 thereto. Thereafter, any party to the matter, including the petitioner, the 18 county or district attorney or the patient, may request a hearing on the 19 matter if the request is filed within five days from the date of service of the 20 ex parte order upon the patient. The court may also order such a hearing on 21 its own motion within five days from the date of service of the notice. If 22 no request or order for hearing is filed within the five-day period, the ex-23 parte order and the terms and conditions set out in the ex parte order shall 24 become the final order of the court substituting for any previously entered 25 order for outpatient treatment. If a hearing is requested, a formal written 26 request for revocation or modification of the outpatient treatment order 27 shall be filed by the county or district attorney or the petitioner and a 28 hearing shall be held thereon within 5 days after the filing of the request.

29 The hearing held pursuant to subsection (f) shall be conducted in (g) 30 the same manner as hearings provided for in K.S.A. 59-2959, and 31 amendments thereto. Upon the completion of the hearing, if the court finds 32 by clear and convincing evidence that the patient violated any condition of 33 the outpatient treatment order, the court may enter an order for inpatient 34 treatment, except that the court shall not order treatment at a state 35 psychiatric hospital unless a written statement from a qualified mental 36 health professional authorizing such treatment at a state psychiatric 37 hospital has been filed with the court, or may modify the order for 38 outpatient treatment with different terms and conditions in accordance 39 with this section.

(h) The outpatient treatment facility shall comply with the provisions
of K.S.A. 59-2969, and amendments thereto, concerning the filing of
written reports for each period of treatment during the time any outpatient
treatment order is in effect and the court shall receive and process such

reports in the same manner as reports received from an inpatient treatment
 facility.

3 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 59-2969 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-4 2969. (a) At least 14 days prior to the end of each period of treatment, as 5 set out in the court order for such treatment, the head of the treatment 6 facility furnishing treatment to the patient shall cause to be filed with the 7 court a written report summarizing the treatment provided and the findings 8 and recommendations of the treatment facility concerning the need for 9 further treatment for the patient. Upon the filing of this written report, the 10 court shall notify the patient's attorney of record that this written report has been filed. If there is no attorney of record for the patient, the court shall 11 12 appoint an attorney and notify such attorney that the written report has 13 been filed.

14 (b) When the attorney for the patient has received notice that the 15 treatment facility has filed with the district court its written report, the 16 attorney shall consult with the patient to determine whether the patient 17 desires a hearing. If the patient desires a hearing, the attorney shall file a 18 written request for a hearing with the district court, which and the request 19 shall be filed not later than the last day ending any period of treatment as 20 specified in the court's order for treatment issued pursuant to K.S.A. 59-21 2966 or 59-2967, and amendments thereto, or the court's last entered order 22 for continued treatment issued pursuant to subsection (f). If the patient 23 does not desire a hearing, the patient's attorney shall file with the court a 24 written statement that the attorney has consulted with the patient; the 25 manner in which the attorney has consulted with the patient; that the 26 attorney has fully explained to the patient the patient's right to a hearing as 27 set out in this section and that if the patient does not request such a hearing 28 that further treatment will likely be ordered, but that having been so 29 advised the patient does not desire a hearing. Thereupon, the court may 30 renew its order for treatment and may specify the next period of treatment 31 as provided for in subsection (f). A copy of the court's order shall be given 32 to the patient, the attorney for the patient, the patient's legal guardian, the 33 petitioner or the county or district attorney, as appropriate, and to the head 34 of the treatment facility treating the patient as the court directs.

35 (c) Upon receiving a written request for a hearing, the district court 36 shall set the matter for hearing and notice of such hearing shall be given 37 similarly as provided for in K.S.A. 59-2963, and amendments thereto. 38 Notice shall also be given promptly to the head of the treatment facility 39 treating the patient. The hearing shall be held as soon as reasonably 40 practical, but in no event more than 10 days following the filing of the 41 written request for a hearing. The patient shall remain in treatment during 42 the pendency of any such hearing, unless discharged by the head of the 43 treatment facility pursuant to K.S.A. 59-2973, and amendments thereto.

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1 (d) The district court having jurisdiction of any case may, on its own motion or upon written request of any interested party, including the head 2 3 of the treatment facility where a patient is being treated, hold a hearing to 4 review the patient's status earlier than at the times set out in subsection (b) 5 above, if the court determines that a material change of circumstances has 6 occurred necessitating an earlier hearing, however, the patient shall not be 7 entitled to have more than one review hearing within each period of 8 treatment as specified in any order for treatment, order for out-patient 9 treatment or order for continued treatment.

10 (e) The hearing shall be conducted in the same manner as hearings 11 provided for in K.S.A. 59-2965, and amendments thereto, except that the 12 hearing shall be to the court and the patient shall not have the right to 13 demand a jury. At the hearing it shall be the petitioner's or county or 14 district attorney's or treatment facility's burden to show that the patient 15 remains a mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care 16 and treatment under this act.

17 Upon completion of the hearing, if the court finds by clear and (f) 18 convincing evidence that the patient continues to be a mentally ill person 19 subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment under this act, 20 the court shall order continued treatment for a specified period of time not 21 to exceed three six months for any initial order for continued treatment, 22 nor more than six months in any subsequent order for continued treatment, 23 at an inpatient treatment facility as provided for in K.S.A. 59-2966, and 24 amendments thereto, or at an outpatient treatment facility if the court 25 determines that outpatient treatment is appropriate under K.S.A. 59-2967. 26 and amendments thereto, and a copy of the court's order shall be provided 27 to the head of the treatment facility. If the court finds that it has not been 28 shown by clear and convincing evidence that the patient continues to be a 29 mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and 30 treatment under this act, it shall release the patient. A copy of the court's 31 order of release shall be provided to the patient, the patient's attorney, the 32 patient's legal guardian or other person known to be interested in the care 33 and welfare of a minor patient, and to the head of the treatment facility-at 34 which where the patient had been receiving treatment.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 59-2958, 59-2959 and 59-2969 and K.S.A. 2022 2023
 Supp. 59-2967 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after itspublication in the statute book.