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Opponent Testimony - WRITTEN ONLY

SB 116 - AN ACT concerning education; relating to firearms; standardizing firearm safety education training programs in school districts.

Presented to the Senate Committee on Federal and State Affairs

Wednesday, February 8, 2023

by

Ann Mah and Dr. Deena Horst, Legislative Liaisons Kansas State Board of Education

Chairman Thompson and Committee:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on SB 116. This bill requires the Kansas State Board of Education (KSBOE) to establish curriculum guidelines for a standardized firearm safety education program for grades K through 12 in Kansas. The KSBOE opposes this bill.

We are pleased to see that the importance of local control is recognized in the first sentence of the bill when it states, "the board of education of a school district **may** provide firearm safety education programs." The fact is school districts may already do that, and some already do. Districts can even offer the training as an elective course if they choose. They do not need legislative permission to do so; and they can choose the curriculum they want.

While the KSBOE understands the importance of firearm safety training, it rejects the notion that the Kansas Legislature has authority to set curricular standards in Kansas public schools. It is the purview of the KSBOE to set curricular standards. It is the purview of local boards of education to determine the curriculum to be used to meet those standards. KSBOE supports local control on this issue because what is needed for elective firearm safety training across the state does not have a "one-size-fits-all" answer. We are not aware of any requests from local school districts for standards on firearm safety training from either KSBOE or the Legislature. Further, it may very well be that there are any number of firearm safety training programs besides those mandated in the bill that will meet a school district's needs.

Just as textbook companies provide information to school districts in other curricular areas, the program providers listed in the bill have the same opportunity. The decision is then up to locally elected board members if they choose to implement those programs. Since locally

elected board members are already able to implement elective firearm safety education programs, there is no need for involvement by the KSBOE, nor is legislation needed.

The KSBOE is open to discussion with legislators on any of their concerns in regard to firearm safety in schools but asks the Committee to reject SB 116.