A PROPOSITION to amend sections 5, 8 and 15 of article 3 of the
constitution of the state of Kansas; relating to the selection of supreme
court justices; providing for direct partisan election; abolishing the
supreme court nominating commission.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the
members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the Senate and two-
thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the
House of Representatives concurring therein:

Section 1. The following proposition to amend the constitution of
the state of Kansas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state
for their approval or rejection: Sections 5, 8 and 15 of article 3 of the
constitution of the state of Kansas are hereby amended to read as follows:

"§ 5. Selection of justices of the supreme court. (a) Any
vacancy occurring in the office of any justice of the supreme court
and any position to be open thereon as a result of enlargement of
the court, or the retirement or failure of an incumbent to file his
declaration of candidacy to succeed himself as hereinafter required,
or failure of a justice to be elected to succeed himself, resignation
or removal of a justice, shall be filled by appointment by the
governor of one of three persons possessing the qualifications of
office who shall be nominated and whose names shall be submitted
to the governor by the supreme court nominating commission
established as hereinafter provided. Such election shall be partisan and from the state as a
whole. Except as otherwise provided in this section, election laws
applicable to other state officers elected from the state as a whole
shall apply to the nomination and election of justices of the
supreme court. Each justice of the supreme court elected as
provided by law shall hold office for a term of six years. Such term
shall commence on the second Monday in January following the
general election. Justices of the supreme court may seek reelection.

(b) In event of the failure of the governor to make the
appointment within sixty days from the time the names of the
nominees are submitted to him, the chief justice of the supreme
court shall make the appointment from such nominees. Each justice
of the supreme court in office at the time this amendment takes effect shall hold office for the term for which such justice was retained in office by election, or hold office for the initial term for which such justice was appointed, and until a successor is elected and qualified. The office that such justice holds shall be open upon the expiration of such justice’s term of office or upon the retirement, resignation or removal of such justice, whichever occurs first. Such justice shall be eligible for election to such office in the manner prescribed in this section, unless by law such justice is compelled to retire or such justice retired, resigned or was removed from such office.

(c) Each justice of the supreme court appointed pursuant to provisions of subsection (a) of this section shall hold office for an initial term ending on the second Monday in January following the first general election that occurs after the expiration of twelve months in office. Not less than sixty days prior to the holding of the general election next preceding the expiration of his term of office, any justice of the supreme court may file in the office of the secretary of state a declaration of candidacy for election to succeed himself. If a declaration is not so filed, the position held by such justice shall be open from the expiration of his term of office. If such declaration is filed, his name shall be submitted at the next general election to the electors of the state on a separate judicial ballot, without party designation, reading substantially as follows:

"Shall ___________________________________________
(Here insert name of justice.)
_________________________________________________
(Here insert the title of the court.)

be retained in office?"

If a majority of those voting on the question vote against retaining him in office, the position or office which he holds shall be open upon the expiration of his term of office; otherwise he shall, unless removed for cause, remain in office for the regular term of six years from the second Monday in January following such election. At the expiration of each term he shall, unless by law he is compelled to retire, be eligible for retention in office by election in the manner prescribed in this section.

(d) A nonpartisan nominating commission whose duty it shall be to nominate and submit to the governor the names of persons for appointment to fill vacancies in the office of any justice of the supreme court is hereby established, and shall be known as the "supreme court nominating commission." Said commission shall-
be organized as hereinafter provided:

(e) The supreme court nominating commission shall be composed as follows: One member, who shall be chairman, chosen from among their number by the members of the bar who are residents of and licensed in Kansas; one member from each congressional district chosen from among their number by the resident members of the bar in each such district; and one member, who is not a lawyer, from each congressional district, appointed by the governor from among the residents of each such district.

(f) The terms of office, the procedure for selection and certification of the members of the commission and provision for their compensation or expenses shall be as provided by the legislature.

(g) No member of the supreme court nominating commission shall, while he is a member, hold any other public office by appointment or any official position in a political party or for six months thereafter be eligible for nomination for the office of justice of the supreme court. The commission may act only by the concurrence of a majority of its members.

"§ 8. Prohibition of political activity by justices and certain judges. No justice of the supreme court who is appointed or retained under the procedure of section 5 of this article, nor any judge of the district court holding office under a nonpartisan method authorized in subsection (a) of section 6 of this article, shall directly or indirectly make any contribution to or hold any office in a political party or organization or take part in any political campaign.

"§ 15. Removal of justices and judges. Justices of the supreme court may be removed from office by impeachment and conviction as prescribed in article 2 of this constitution. In addition to removal by impeachment and conviction, justices may be retired after appropriate hearing, upon certification to the governor, by the supreme court nominating commission that such justice is so incapacitated as to be unable to perform adequately his such justice's duties. Other judges shall be subject to retirement for incapacity, and to discipline, suspension and removal for cause by the supreme court after appropriate hearing."

Sec. 2. The following statement shall be printed on the ballot with the amendment as a whole:

"Explanatory statement. The purpose of this amendment is to provide for election of justices of the supreme court and to eliminate the supreme court nominating commission. Future justices would be elected in partisan, statewide elections."
Each justice elected would hold office for a term of six years
and would be allowed to seek reelection.
"A vote for this proposition would cause justices of the supreme
court to be elected in partisan, statewide elections for terms
of six years.
"A vote against this proposition would continue the current
system in which justices of the supreme court are appointed
by the governor from a list of three individuals submitted by
the supreme court nominating commission."

Sec. 3. This resolution, if approved by two-thirds of the members
elected (or appointed) and qualified to the Senate and two-thirds of the
members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the House of
Representatives, shall be entered on the journals, together with the yeas
and nays. The secretary of state shall cause this resolution to be published
as provided by law and shall cause the proposed amendment to be
submitted to the electors of the state at a special election, which is hereby
called on August 2, 2022, pursuant to section 1 of article 14 of the
constitution of the state of Kansas, to be held in conjunction with the
primary election held on such date.