

February 4, 2022

The Honorable Adam Smith, Chairperson  
House Committee on Taxation  
Statehouse, Room 346-S  
Topeka, Kansas 66612

Dear Representative Smith:

**SUBJECT:** Fiscal Note for HB 2572 by House Committee on Taxation

In accordance with KSA 75-3715a, the following fiscal note concerning HB 2572 is respectfully submitted to your committee.

HB 2572 would create a new two bracket income tax rate system beginning in tax year 2024. For tax year 2024 and all future tax years, the individual income tax rates would be set by a formula for income under \$50,000 and by a different formula for income over \$50,000. Each income tax rate formula would be based on taxable income, the number of filing periods, and filing status.

The Department of Revenue indicates HB 2572 would not have a fiscal effect on state revenues until FY 2024. The fiscal effect to state revenues during subsequent years would be as follows:

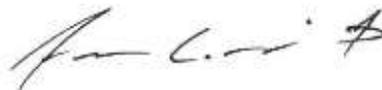
	<u>FY 2024</u>	<u>FY 2025</u>	<u>FY 2026</u>
State General Fund	\$1,100,000	\$3,500,000	\$3,600,000

The fiscal note was calculated by simulating the new two bracket income tax rate system and current law with tax return data from tax year 2020. The Department of Revenue compared the taxes generated from the two methods and indicates that the new proposed two bracket income tax rate system would have generated an additional \$1.1 million in FY 2024 compared to the current law tax system. The individual income tax estimate for FY 2024 includes 30.0 percent of tax year 2024 tax liability. The individual income tax estimate for FY 2025 includes 70.0 percent of tax year 2024 tax liability and 30.0 percent of tax year 2025 tax liability.

The Department of Revenue indicates that it would require a total of \$49,850 from the State General Fund in FY 2024 to implement the bill and to modify the automated tax system. The required programming for this bill by itself would be performed by existing staff of the Department of Revenue. In addition, if the combined effect of implementing this bill and other enacted legislation exceeds the Department's programming resources, or if the time for implementing the changes is too short, additional expenditures for outside contract programmer services beyond the Department's current budget may be required.

The Department of Administration indicates that adjusting state income tax collections has the potential to have a fiscal effect on the amount of revenue collected from its debt setoff program. This program intercepts individual income tax refunds and homestead tax refunds and applies those amounts to debts owed to state agencies, municipalities, district courts, and state agencies in other states. Debts include, but are not limited to child support, taxes, educational expenses, fines, services provided to the debtor, and court ordered restitution. As the dollar amounts of refunds are decreased, the amount available for possible debt setoffs is also reduced. However, the Department is unable to make an estimate of the amount of debts setoffs that would no longer be intercepted as a result of the bill. Any fiscal effect associated with HB 2572 is not reflected in *The FY 2023 Governor's Budget Report*.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Adam Proffitt", with a stylized flourish at the end.

Adam Proffitt  
Director of the Budget

cc: Lynn Robinson, Department of Revenue  
Celeste Chaney-Tucker, Department of Administration