

SESSION OF 2021

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE ON SENATE BILL NO. 36

As Amended by Senate Committee on
Transportation

Brief*

SB 36, as amended, would amend procedures related to certain vehicle identification number (VIN) checks and transfer of ownership of certain salvage vehicles.

The bill also would make technical changes.

VIN Inspections (Section 1)

The bill would authorize an employee of a salvage vehicle pool to perform VIN inspections for purposes of titling a used vehicle in Kansas under certain circumstances. The bill would require the employee to have received initial training and certification from the Kansas Highway Patrol (KHP) and to have met continuing certification requirements. The bill would authorize the Superintendent of the KHP (Superintendent), in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas Administrative Procedure Act, to revoke, suspend, decline to renew, or decline to issue certification for failure to comply with the provisions of the bill or with KHP rules and regulations.

The bill would state only a salvage vehicle pool that sells at least 2,000 vehicles combined from its licensed locations in Kansas, as reported to the Department of Revenue, would be eligible to have employees perform these checks. Before the KHP certifies any employee to perform the inspections, the bill would require the salvage vehicle pool to furnish and

*Supplemental notes are prepared by the Legislative Research Department and do not express legislative intent. The supplemental note and fiscal note for this bill may be accessed on the Internet at <http://www.kslegislature.org>

maintain a bond in the amount of \$50,000. The bill would require any such bond to be issued by a company authorized to do business in Kansas and be executed in the name of the State of Kansas. The bill would authorize the salvage vehicle pool employee to inspect only motor vehicles stored at the salvage vehicle pool's licensed location if the vehicle is to be designated as a salvage, nonrepairable, or nonhighway vehicle.

The bill would also state all charges for checks made by any certified vehicle identification number inspector would be remitted to the KHP.

The bill would authorize the Superintendent to promulgate rules and regulations regarding VIN inspection training for employees of salvage vehicle pools and of new vehicle dealers. [Note: Under continuing law, trained and certified employees of a new vehicle dealer may perform VIN inspections on motor vehicles the new vehicle dealer purchases.]

Continuing law states a salvage vehicle pool, as an agent for a third party, is primarily engaged in the business of storing, displaying, and offering for sale salvage vehicles.

Ownership Documents (Section 2)

The bill would authorize a salvage vehicle pool or a salvage vehicle dealer to apply for an ownership document for a vehicle without forwarding a certificate of title for the vehicle to the Division of Vehicles (Division), Department of Revenue, under certain circumstances. A salvage vehicle pool is defined in continuing law as “any person who as an agent for a third party is primarily engaged in the business of storing, displaying and offering for sale salvage vehicles.” Continuing law defines a salvage vehicle dealer as “any person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or exchanging used vehicles and primarily engaged in the business of the distribution at wholesale or retail of used

motor vehicle parts and includes establishments primarily engaged in dismantling motor vehicles for the purpose of selling parts.”

The bill would authorize a salvage vehicle pool or a salvage vehicle dealer to apply for an ownership document for a vehicle if the following conditions are met:

- The salvage vehicle pool or salvage vehicle dealer has possession of the vehicle at the request of an insurance company;
- The insurance claim for the vehicle has been closed without payment or denied by the insurance company; and
- The vehicle has remained unclaimed at the salvage vehicle pool or salvage vehicle dealer facility for more than 30 days.

The bill would require an application for an ownership document provide sufficient evidence that at least two written notices were delivered by certified mail to the address provided by the Division’s ownership verification, or through another courier service that provides proof of delivery, to the owner and any lienholder of the vehicle identified in Division records requesting the vehicle be removed from the salvage vehicle pool or salvage vehicle dealer facility.

The bill would require a salvage vehicle dealer to also provide sufficient evidence to the Division of the request by the insurance company to obtain possession of the vehicle. The bill would require the notice to specify the vehicle owner and any lienholder identified in Division records would have at least 30 days from the receipt of the notice to remove the vehicle. If the salvage vehicle pool or salvage vehicle dealer does not receive proof of delivery of the notices, the bill would require the salvage vehicle pool or salvage vehicle dealer to publish a notice of the application for an ownership document

in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the vehicle is located.

If the most recent ownership document for the vehicle was not issued by the State of Kansas, the bill would require the application for an ownership document to include evidence of a vehicle identification number inspection of the vehicle by the KHP and, when applicable, of part numbers to verify the foreign title is genuine and matches such numbers. The bill also would require the application to indicate whether a salvage title or a nonrepairable vehicle certificate is requested. The bill would require the Division to issue to the salvage vehicle pool a salvage title or a nonrepairable vehicle certificate free and clear of all liens, security interests, and encumbrances upon receipt of the application and all required information.

Background

The bill was introduced by the Senate Committee on Transportation at the request of a representative of LKQ Corporation.

[*Note:* SB 36 contains provisions similar to those of 2020 SB 374 as passed by the Senate and 2020 HB 2501 as amended by the Senate Committee.]

Senate Committee on Transportation

In the Senate Committee hearing, two representatives of Copart (a salvage pool with locations in Kansas) and a representative of Insurance Auto Auctions provided **proponent** testimony. A representative of LKQ Corporation provided written-only **proponent** testimony. Proponents stated the bill would expedite the title and end-of-vehicle-life process to move vehicles that have been subject to insurance claim and have not been claimed by owners or lienholders but for which the salvage vehicle pool or salvage vehicle

dealer does not have a title or a nonrepairable vehicle certificate. They noted the KHP would control the certification process for those who would be authorized to perform VIN inspections on behalf of the KHP.

The Superintendent of the KHP and a representative of the Kansas Association of Chiefs of Police, the Kansas Sheriffs Association, and the Kansas Peace Officers Association provided written-only **opponent** testimony. The opponents raised concerns that inspections would be performed by those with financial interest in the outcome of the inspection and could increase the incidence of fraud or undetected theft.

No neutral testimony was provided.

The Senate Committee adopted amendments described as technical and conforming the bill to original intent. The amendments included removing a certificate of title from the documents that could be issued for such a vehicle.

Fiscal Information

According to the fiscal note prepared by the Division of the Budget on the bill as introduced, the KHP indicates enactment of the bill would require additional expenditures of between \$5,000 and \$10,000 from the VIN Fee Fund in FY 2022 to develop new forms, training, curriculum, and manuals, and to fund salaries and wages expenditures for oversight and audit purposes.

The Department of Revenue indicates it would require \$11,890 from the State General Fund in FY 2022 to implement the bill and modify the vehicle registration system.

Any fiscal effect is not reflected in *The FY 2022 Governor's Budget Report*.

Vehicle; salvage vehicle; VIN inspection; vehicle title